



INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

Class: XI	Department: Commerce
Worksheet: 1	Topic: Collection of Data

- data was collected directly from the investigator from the responded.
 - Primary data
 - Secondary data
 - Sample data
 - One of the above
- Data collected by an economics student from the government publication to prepare a project report is a -----
 - Primary data
 - Secondary data
 - Sample data
 - None of the above
- Pre-testing of the questionnaire is called as.....
 - Mailing questionnaire
 - Census
 - Sampling survey
 - Pilot Survey
- Which of the following is a source of secondary data?
 - Direct Personal Investigation
 - Questionnaires
 - Reports published by the State Bank of India
 - Telephone Interviews
- A survey that includes all units of a population is known as:
 - Sample Survey
 - Census Survey
 - Pilot Survey
 - Random Survey
- Which of the following statement is false?
 - Primary data are collected from source of origin
 - Secondary data do not need any adjustment
 - Secondary data are not collected from the source of origin
 - Primary data are costlier in terms of time, money ad efforts.
- Which of the following is an advantage of sample method?
 - Costly
 - Time consuming

- c) Saves time and cost
 - d) Not reliable
8. Which of the following is a limitation of secondary data?
- a) Expensive
 - b) Time consuming
 - c) May not be reliable
 - d) Difficult to collect
9. Which agency publishes international data?
- a) RBI
 - b) NSSO
 - c) World Bank
 - d) State Government
10. The investigator personally meeting respondents is called
- a) Direct personal investigation
 - b) Indirect investigation
 - c) Questionnaire method
 - d) Secondary source

ASSERTION AND REASONING QUESTIONS:

- a. Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
 - b. Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
 - c. Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.
 - d. Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true.
1. Assertion (A): Census method is always preferred over sample method.
Reason (R): Census method studies each and every unit of the population.
A: b
2. Assertion (A): Mailed questionnaire method is suitable for illiterate respondents.
Reason (R): It requires respondents to read and write.
A: d
3. Assertion (A): Sample method is less accurate than census method in all cases.
Reason (R): Sample method studies only a part of the population.
A: b

CASE BASED QUESTIONS:

Read the following case study paragraph carefully and answer the questions on the basis of the same.

A school is conducting a survey to understand the study habits of Class 11 students. The school administration collected data from 100 students regarding the number of hours they study daily, their preferred mode of learning (online/offline), and subjects they find most difficult.

The data was collected using a questionnaire circulated among students. Some students filled the form honestly, while a few gave incomplete or incorrect responses. The school also referred to previous year academic records for comparison.

- (a) The data collected directly from students using questionnaires is called _____ data.
- (b) The data taken from school records is called _____ data.
- (c) Which of the following is a method of collecting primary data?
- i. Newspaper
 - ii. Questionnaire
 - iii. Government reports
 - iv. Websites
- (d) Which of the following is NOT a source of secondary data?
- i. Census reports
 - ii. Journals
 - iii. Personal interview
 - iv. RBI publications
- (e) State two advantages of using a questionnaire method.
- (f) Mention two limitations of secondary data.
- (g) Explain the methods of collecting primary data.
- (h) Differentiate between primary data and secondary data with at least three points.